APPALACHIAN REGION COULD BECOME A PETROCHEMICALS & PLASTICS MANUFACTURING HUB



SHALE-RELATED INVESTMENT COULD GENERATE NEW JOBS, WAGES, AND TAX REVENUE

ACC REPORT

Report examines the potential economic impacts of new petrochemicals and plastics manufacturing capacity in the quad-state region of West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Kentucky. Abundant and affordable energy raw materials from shale formations are attracting new investment.



POTENTIAL ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF AN APPALACHIAN PETROCHEMICAL INDUSTRY

(Permanent, by 2025)

\$36 billion	\$32.4 billion in petrochemicals, resins, and derivitives
in capital investment	\$3.4 billion in plastics products
jobs created & supported	68,706 direct + indirect jobs 32,112 payroll-induced jobs in local communities
\$28 billion	\$23.0 billion in chemicals + plastic resins
economic expansion	\$5.4 billion in plastics compounding + plastics products
\$2.9 billion	\$1.7 billion in federal tax revenues
in tax revenues annually	\$1.2 billion in state & local tax revenues
NEW ENERGY INFRASTRUCTUR	E POLICY PRIORITIES
 Natural gas liquids (NGLs) such as ethal and propane are key feedstocks for chermaking in the United States. Developing a robust Appalachian chemiplastics industry will require a storage and pipeline network for NGLs and cher A timely and efficient regulatory permitprocess is essential. 	 Uncertainty around financing is a key barrier to the development of Appalachian energy infrastructure. Policymakers can help by affirming that NGL storage and distribution projects are eligible for existing private-public financing programs. As Congress and the Administration consider infrastructure modernization legislation, the Appalachian Hub must be a priority. The Appalachian Ethane Storage Hub Study Act of 2017 will inform efforts to maximize America's domestic energy and manufacturing potential.

*Published in May 2017, ACC's report presents a hypothetical scenario that includes five ethane crackers and two propane dehydrogenation facilities. Three of the crackers would produce polyethylene and two would supply downstream petrochemical derivatives. Each PDH facility would contain a polypropylene resin plant. These capital investments are underway and will likely continue through the mid-2020s.